

National Statistics 2022.

Worked out by EPF Vice President **Sandro Rossi**.

Regarding these statistics it must be noted that:

- although our Secretary general sent at least five reminders since October 2022, to February 2023, only 16 Nations, and EPF has 39 Member Nations, sent to me the requested formats within the 15th of February 2023 (the data requested in these formats are necessary to build the statistics)
- In this way any statistics is valid, but it is vital to have a general overview of the status of our sport in Europe and if there are perspectives of growth for the future.
- As always consider in the following analyses the absence of Russia.

As decided in the last meeting of the Executive in February, I have processed the data regarding the lifters in competition present on the godlift platform, analyzing the years 2019 (one of the best year of our recent past), 2021 and 2022.

Also 2023 was analysed to see if any sign of growth for the 2023 is present, taking into account the available data on the good lift system regarding the European University Cup and the Classic Masters.

The conclusion that we can have observing the statistics are:

- the member Nations were doing a great action regarding the powerlifting classic, namely in the young age classes;
- the member Nation should make a better action of promotion of powerlifting equipped;
- as there are some indicators that give back a positive hope for the increasing of the numbers in powerlifting (at least classic see in the comments of table 4 and 5), it is absolutely necessary that the member Nations send more referees in the European competition.

The results of these analysis are shown by the following tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.

Table 1

This table compares the data regarding the European Competitions (women plus men).

The difference between classic and equipped is great in all age classes.

For all age classes, both classic and equipped, the 2019 was the best year.

2021 was the year in which there were only 6 months of competitions.

For classic in 2021 and 2022 there was a noticeable recovery to the level of 2019.

For equipped in 2021 and 2022 the recovery did not take place and the difference with classic remain very high.

AGE CLASSES	CLASSIC PL&BP			EQUIPPED PL&BP		
	2019	2021	2022	2019	2021	2022
SUB JUNIOR	162	106	161	58	58	58

JUNIOR	219	194	268	124	62	97
OPEN (*)	404	220	463	274	131	241
MASTER 1	181	51	172	117	41	87
MASTER 2	125	43	120	97	24	91
MASTER 3	85	26	73	49	20	46
MASTER 4	39	15	37	32	3	18
TOTAL	3.234	2.676	3.316	2.770	2.360	2.660

(*) = EUROPEAN PL&BP CHAMPIONSHIPS-DANUBE CUP-WEC

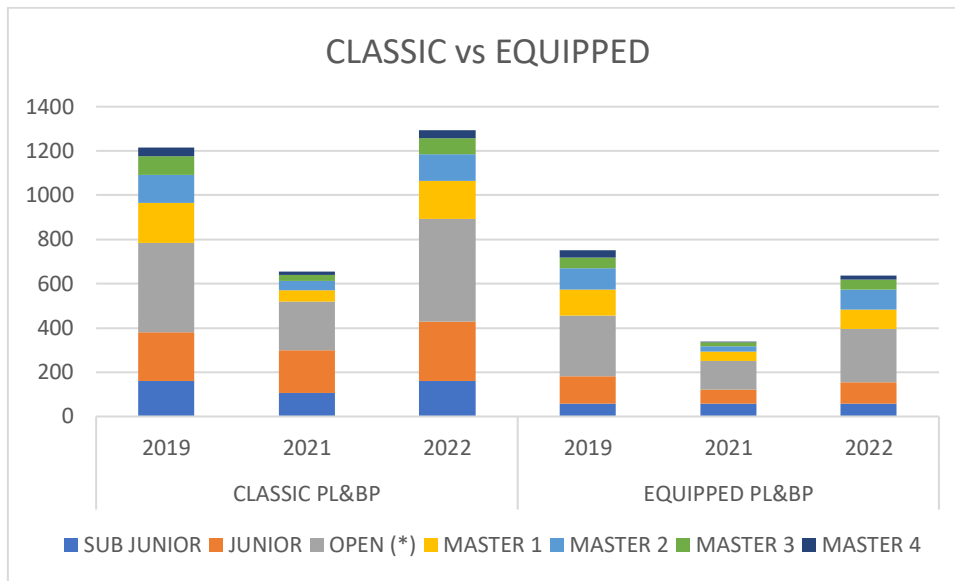


Table 2

This table analyzes the trend in the 3 years of the classic (PL&BP) splitted by sex and age classe (including open). Very interesting data!

After a physiological decrease in 2021, in 2022 there was a strong increase in all age classes.

This is a demonstration of the higher standard of the action in each member Nations to promote the powerlifting between the young people. Very good!

AGE CLASSES	CLASSIC PL&BP								
	2019			2021			2022		
	WOMEN	MEN	TOTAL	WOMEN	MEN	TOTAL	WOMEN	MEN	TOTAL
SUB JUNIOR	66	96	162	40	66	106	71	90	161
JUNIOR	95	124	219	86	108	194	116	152	268
OPEN (*)	184	220	404	99	121	220	215	248	463

(*) = EUROPEAN PL&BP CHAMPIONSHIPS-DANUBE CUP-WEC

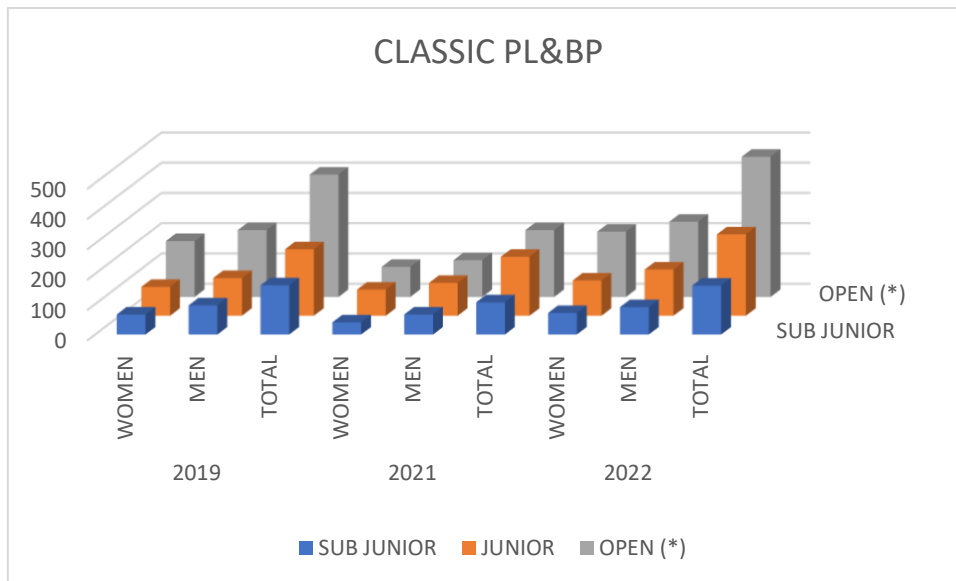


Table 3

This table analyzes the trend in the 3 years of the equipped (PL&BP) splitted by sex and age classe (including open).

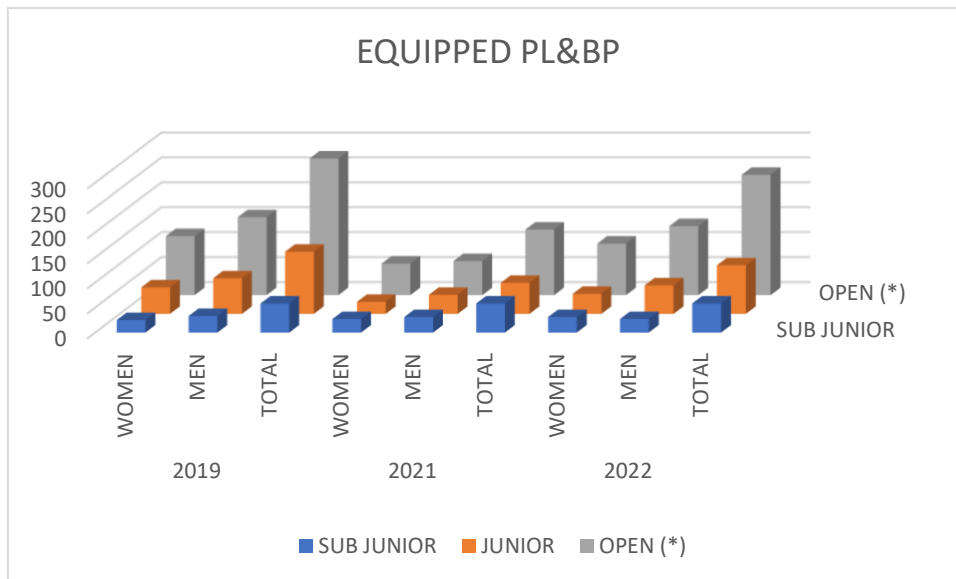
Only in the sub junior age category we can find something of positive.

We must not forget that the powerlifting is an equipped sport! And we must not forget our origins.

The member Nations should increase their action regarding the promotion of the equipped powerlifting.

AGE CLASSES	EQUIPPED PL&BP								
	2019			2021			2022		
	WOMEN	MEN	TOTAL	WOMEN	MEN	TOTAL	WOMEN	MEN	TOTAL
SUB JUNIOR	25	33	58	27	31	58	31	27	58
JUNIOR	53	71	124	24	38	62	40	57	97
OPEN (*)	118	156	274	63	68	131	103	138	241

(*) = EUROPEAN PL&BP CHAMPIONSHIPS-DANUBE CUP-WEC



And for 2023?

We have tried to find if there are some indicators regarding the 2023.

If we get a look at the table 4 (University Cup) and table 5 (Classic masters) we can see:

- in 2022 the lifters in the University Cup were 109 and in 2023 the lifters are 123:
- in 2022 the lifters in Masters Classic were 207 and in 2023 the lifters are 362!!

These indicators give us a very positive hope regarding the trend of our sport in 2023, at least in classic!

In fact, regarding Equipped, at table 6 (European PL Championship), we can observe that:

- 2019 was the best year
- 2021 we have the lower number of the attending lifters (due the pandemic)
- in 2022 we had a partial increase in respect 2021 but always at lower level as compared to 2019
- in 2023 (data from Nomination) we can see that for women lifters we have more or less the same number of 2019 and 2022, but for men lifters we have a deep decrease always as compared to 2019 and also as compared to 2022

Table 4

UNIVERSITY CUP (OPEN)			
YEARS	WOMEN	MEN	TOTAL
2020	31	36	67
2021	26	25	51
2022	42	67	109
2023 (NOMINATION)	46	77	123

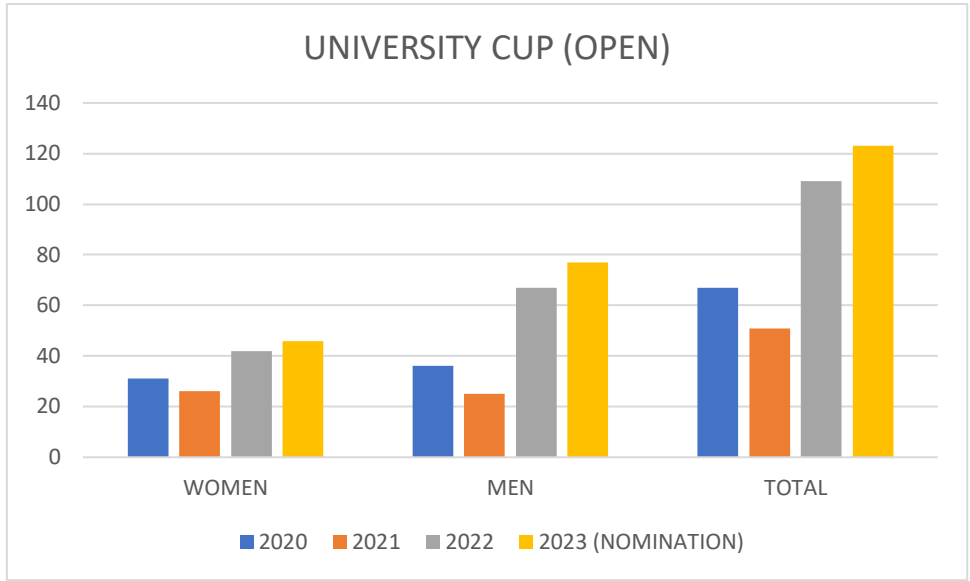


Table 5

CLASSIC PL MASTER						
	2022			2023 (NOMINATION)		
	WOMEN	MEN	TOTAL	WOMEN	MEN	TOTAL
MASTER 1	52	45	97	65	87	152
MASTER 2	24	33	57	54	69	123
MASTER 3	16	23	39	28	40	68
MASTER 4	2	12	14	4	15	19
TOTAL	94	113	207	151	211	362



Table 6

EQUIPPED PL OPEN-SUBJUNIOR-JUNIOR			
YEARS	WOMEN	MEN	TOTAL
2019	112	163	275
2021	76	91	167
2022	100	125	225
2023 (NOMINATION)	106	108	214

